

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name			
Wybrane działy technolog	ii (Selected fields of techr	nology)	
Course			
Field of study		Year/Semester	
Technologia chemiczna (Cl	hemical Technology)	I/1	
Area of study (specializatio	on)	Profile of study	
Technologia organiczna (O	general academic		
Level of study		Course offered in	
Second-cycle studies		Polish	
Form of study		Requirements	
full-time		compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture	Laboratory cla	osses Other (e.g. online)	
30	45	0	
Tutorials	Projects/semi	nars	
0	0		
Number of credit points			
4			
Lecturers			
Responsible for the course/lecturer:		Responsible for the course/lecturer:	
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Prerequisites

1. A student has basic theoretical systematic knowledge of general and inorganic chemistry, organic and chemical technology, including the key issues of natural and synthetic raw materials, products and processes used in the organic chemical technology.

2. A student has the ability to assess the technological suitability of raw material sources and the selection of the technological process in relation to the product quality requirements. He can obtain information from the literature, databases, and other sources in English and to interpret the data obtained, draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions.



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3. A student understands the need for further education and improvement of his professional and personal competences, knows how to interact and work in a group, can think and act in a creative and entrepreneurial way.

Course objective

Extending of knowledge of organic chemical technology enabling students to link flows in selected technological processes with the fundamental physico-chemical properties of raw materials, intermediate and end products. Deepening of the students knowledge in the field of the technological process conducting, calculation of the efficiency and selectivity, analytical testing, and the use of by-products and waste.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

1. A student has broad and deep knowledge of organic technology and related fields of science, allowing him to formulate and solve complex tasks associated with chemical technology. [K_W01, K_W02, K_W11]

2. A student has knowledge of complex chemical processes involving selection of appropriate materials, raw materials, methods, techniques, apparatus and equipment for chemical processes and the characterization of the resulting products. [K_W03, K_W11]

3. A student has extended knowledge about the newest chemical technologies and problems of environmental protection resulting from chemical processes, he/she knows contemporary trends of development of industrial chemical processes. [K_W06, K_W08, K_W11]

Skills

1. A student has the ability to obtain and critically evaluate information from literature, databases and other sources and to formulate on the basis of opinions and reports. [K_U01]

2. A student has the ability to team work and team leadership. [K_U02]

3. A student is able to design and conduct chemical reactions in the laboratory under various conditions and proper use of the results of that research to scale-up. [K_U09]

4. A student is able to plan reasonable use of natural resources for chemical industry taking into account rules of environmental protection and sustainable development. [K_U13]

5. A student is able to critically analyze industrial chemical processes and modify or improve them applying the aquired knowledge, particularly the state-of-the-art. [K_U15]

Social competences

1. A student is aware of the need for lifelong learning and professional development. [K_K01]

2. A student is aware of the limitations of science and technology related to chemical technology, including environmental protection. [K_K02]



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3. A student understands the need to provide the public with information on the current state and directions of development of chemical technology, on the principles of use and handling of chemical products, about the risks of obtaining raw materials, chemical production and distribution. [K_K07]

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Written exam from lectures scope, current examination of the knowledge associated with laboratory

Programme content

The lecture covers the issues of obtaining, properties and use of the most common semi-finished and organic products, implemented on an industrial scale, taking into account current raw materials for the organic industry. It enables students to learn in detail the selected petrochemical processes and industrial organic synthesis processes, to analyze the course of individual stages of the technological process. The thematic scope of lectures includes the following issues:

• The role of chemistry and chemical technology in economic development. Raw materials and new process solutions.

• Preparation, properties and applications of the most typical semi-finished and organic products, implemented on an industrial scale, taking into account current raw materials for the organic industry.

• Solid and liquid fuels as energy-chemical raw materials, processing directions of natural gas, hard coal and crude oil.

• Modern processes of chemical coal processing, e.g. coal gasification, gasification agents, methanation, modern methods of coal gasification, CTL or CTO processes, i.e. obtaining liquid fuels (MTG (Mobil) process) or olefins (MTO) from methanol.

• Crude oil and its characteristics, crude oil processing - tube and tower distillation, thermal processes in crude oil processing - types of processes, catalytic cracking, hydrocracking, catalytic reforming.

• Hydrogen production for industrial processes, hydrogenation and dehydrogenation reactions.

• Methods for producing light olefins and 1,3-butadiene, production of olefins by the steam cracking, characteristics of steam cracking products, isolation of butadiene from the C4 fraction by the method of extraction distillation.

- Methanol and ethanol production and application.
- Production of vinyl chloride.
- Biorefineries.

When discussing technology, an analysis of market demand, the use of by-products and waste products with elements of economic aspects is also carried out.



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As the laboratory classes, exercises are carried out in two thematic groups. The subject of the 1st group of exercises is related to the use of alcohols as raw materials in organic synthesis (obtaining ethylene from ethanol, MTG (methanol-to-gasoline) process). The second group of exercises is related to the use of aromatic hydrocarbons as raw materials in the organic industry (dehydrogenation of ethylbenzene, hydrogenation of toluene, catalytic cracking of cumene). Performing exercises should deepen students' knowledge of how to conduct the technological process, calculate efficiency and selectivity, analytical control and the use of by-products and waste.

As part of the course, the teachers take students to the production plant related to the chemical industry.

Teaching methods

Lecture, discussion, practical exercises (laboratories)

Bibliography

Basic

1. E. Grzywa, J. Molenda, Technologia podstawowych syntez organicznych, tomy 1 i 2 (Surowce do syntez, Syntezy), WNT, Warszawa 2000.

2. M.S. Peters, K. D. Timmerhaus, Plant design and economics for chemical engineers; Ed. Mc Graw-Hill International Book Company, Aucland, London, Paris, Tokyo 1981.

3. J. Surygała (Red.), Vademecum rafinera. Ropa naftowa, właściwości, przetwarzanie, produkty, WNT, Warszawa 2006.

4. R. Bogoczek, E. Kociołek-Balawejder, Technologia chemiczna organiczna. Surowce i półprodukty. Wyd. Akademii Ekonomicznej we Wrocławiu, Wrocław 1992.

5. E. Kociołek-Balawejder (Red.), Technologia chemiczna organiczna - wybrane zagadnienia. Wyd. Uniwersytetu Ekonomicznego we Wrocławiu, Wrocław 2013.

6. Poradnik inżyniera. Przemysł tłuszczowy, WNT, Warszawa 1976.

7. E. Bortel, H. Koneczny, Zarys technologii chemicznej, WN PWN, Warszawa 1992.

8. P. Wiseman, Zarys przemysłowej chemii organicznej, WNT, Warszawa 1977.

e-zasoby Biblioteki PP, baza ebooków Knovel:

1. D.Y. Murzin, Chemical Reaction Technology, De Gruyter, 2015.

2. J. Speight, Handbook of industrial hydrocarbon processes, GPP-Elsevier, Oxford 2011.

Additional

1. Podstawy technologii chemicznej i inżynierii reaktorów, red. M. Wiśniewski, K. Alejski, wyd. Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań 2006.



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- 2. L. Sobczyk, A. Kisza, Chemia fizyczna dla przyrodników, PWN, Warszawa 1975.
- 3. Przemysł tłuszczowy, poradnik inżyniera, WNT, Warszawa 1976.
- 4. M. Anielak, Chemiczne i fizykochemiczne oczyszczanie ścieków, PWN, Warszawa 2000.

5. R. Bogoczek, E. Kociołek Balawejder, Technologia chemiczna organiczna. Surowce i półprodukty, Wydawnictwo Akademii Ekonomicznej we Wrocławiu, Wrocław 1992

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	100	4,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	75	3,0
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory	25	1,0
classes, preparation for tests/exam) ¹		

¹ delete or add other activities as appropriate